THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No 25, Vol. 1. NEW WESTMINSTER, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1861. Price 1s. or 25 cts.

POETRY.

CORNWALL.

O wide wild Ocean, whose waters lie
In the dying light of yon evening sky—
O rocks and hills that for ever stand,
The crowning glory of Cornwall's land,
How dear ye become when years pass on,
And other scenes have been with us—and gone!

And O what a joy to re-visit thee,
And again to gaze on that boundless sea!
To listen again to the sound of the waves,
For they sing forever in those lone caves
Of thy sons on many a far-off shore,
Whose voices shall gladden thy soul no more.

Away in the east, where the sunrise falls
In a burning blaze upon Delhi's walls,
Where the Persian, worshipping, bows to its light,
Where the Arab horseman pursues his flight,
Was MARTYN known: and his ashes lie
In the calm sweet light of a Syrian sky!

Away in the west, and the dreary south,
Where the blast that goes forth of winter's mouth,
Locks Fuego's coast in darkness and death,
Lie the fisherman's sons, whose departing breath
Sang, even there, the hymns they had known,
In the land they so fondly called their own!

Wherever may shine that sunken sun,
Our brothers have followed him,—one by one—
Wherever the foot of the pioneer
Has trodden the wilderness wide and drear,
Or the mariners' bark to the wind has sped,
Has the child of Cornwall laid down his head.

Ah! they rest by Cuba's silver fountains,
And low in the shadow of Andes' mountains!
And e'en to the isles of that farther main
They have gone, and not to return again!
And, stranger, smile not to hear us tell
How we love the home *they* loved so well!

They were poor, perchance, caring little for fame,
Whilst they won for our Country her well-known name.
But well for us if we feel the returning
Of a nobler resolve in our hearts still burning,
That wherever a Cornishman's lot may be,
He will follow his forefathers worthily!

Gloucester. X.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves legally responsible for anything which may appear under the above head. Communications, in order to insure insertion must be brief, of public importance and must be accompanied with the BONA FIDE *name of the author.*

☞ The following communications should have appeared last week, but for want of room were laid over till this issue.—ED.

FROM OUR HOPE CORRESPONDENT.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR:—In order to avoid sinking from an occasional to a *semi occasional* correspondent, I will pen you a few lines. We have had beautiful weather here for the last few weeks, only, perhaps, rather too little rain to suit those of us who have gardens, and those who live on the front street, especially the fancy dealers and dry goods men are daily longing for only a shower to lay the dust, which every afternoon is blown from the street and evenly distributed among their shelf goods. A shower of rain would be refreshing, there can be no doubt. The grant lately made by His Excellency towards building the Churches at Douglas and Lillooet, is strongly condemned by all parties, churchman and dissenter, and I for one hope it will turn out to be the most impolitic act our despot has yet had the audacity to perform. There was an address sent to His Excellency a short time since, praying for the completion of the Similkameen wagon road this season. He replied to the address, saying that he could not do it unless the inhabitants petitioned him to levy an additional half-cent on all goods passing over the road. A meeting was held last evening in Crow's saloon to consider and act upon His Excellency's reply. The meeting was well attended, (and although I say it) all honor to Hope for her stand. A resolution was moved by Mr. Alison of Rock Creek, seconded by Mr. Edney, that the inhabitants of Hope petition His Excellency to levy the additional half-cent on condition that a guarantee be given that the road be completed this season. An amendment was proposed by Mr. Thomson, seconded by Mr. Landvoight, that an address be forwarded to His Excellency stating that in the opinion of this meeting, roads which are to benefit the whole colony ought not to be built with funds raised by local taxation, but out of the general revenue; and gently hinting that in case the Treasury would not bear it, "I James Douglas" had the power to increase it; and closed by saying that if in his wisdom he saw fit to levy the tax, we would not resist. You will see Mr. Editor, we are placed in a very strange predicament by His Excellency, which amounts to either a stoppage of work which is of vast importance, or else that we cast aside our rights, and actually assist in propping up a rotten despotism by petitioning for heavier taxation, for we all know what use the Governor would make of such a petition. During the debate on the motion, Dr. Chisholm made a telling speech, in which he urged his townsmen not to tie their hands by putting their names to such a document—not to commit a great political wrong for the sake of a temporary good. The Doctor was heartily cheered several times during his speech. Mr. Thompson, Mr. Crow, and a gentleman from Okanagan, also addressed the meeting; the result was that the amendment was carried almost unanimously, and a committee appointed to carry out the same; said committee to consist of Dr. Chisholm, and Messrs. Thompson and Landvoight. Certainly you will agree with me, that considering all things, Hope deserves great credit for the stand she has taken; shutting her eyes in a manner to self interest, that she might maintain her political integrity. Another very pleasing feature is that two of the members of the committee are the Hope delegates to the Convention, Messrs. Chisholm and Thompson, and I am sure it must be gratifying to these gentlemen to find that their constituents hold them in such esteem. There has very little news arrived from the upper country lately; the Cariboo Express is expected down early next week. The Rev. Mr. Hall preached here last Sabbath evening. He is very highly spoken of.

Hope, July 19, 1861. IMPROMTU.

MATCH.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR,—A match for money came off last evening in this place between Mr. Dietz's grey mare Nelly Bly and Mr. Commeline's grey horse Stole Away; distance 300 yards—heats. Owners up. Mr. Oppenheimer, their efficient starter, gave the word to go at 7 o'clock precisely.

FIRST HEAT.

Mr. Dietz, (Nelly Bly,) *Red Jacket and Red Cap*,	1	0
Mr. Commeline, (Stole Away,) *White Jacket & Cap*,	0	2

Won easily by three lengths.

SECOND HEAT.

Mr. Dietz, (Nelly Bly,)	1	0
Mr. Commeline, (Stole Away,)	0	2

Won without an effort by four lengths.

A good many people were present—betting was brisk—the English and American flags were hoisted—and on the whole the Yaleites had a pleasant evening.

SPORT.

Yale, July 20th, 1861.

United States.

THE following is the despatch sent by Professor Lowe to the President while at his aerial height:

BALLOON ENTERPRISE, June 18, 1861.

To the President of the United States: From this point of observation, the city, with its girdle of encampments, presents a superb scene. I have pleasure in sending you the first dispatch ever telegraphed from an aerial station, and in acknowledging indebtedness to your encouragement for the opportunity of demonstrating the availability of the science of aeronautics in the military service of the country.

T. S. C. LOWE.

THE LONDON TIMES GETTING REASONABLE.—This paper in speaking recently of the late indefinite postponement of Gregory's motion in the House for the recognition of the Southern Confederacy, says:

This little episode in one night's Parliamentary sitting should be enough to convince the Northern Americans how foolish and ungrateful were the orations of their diplomatic representatives at Paris the other day. Short of joining the Northern States against the Confederates, as demanded by one of the speakers, there is nothing that the British nation and Legislature have not done for the American people. The opinion of Englishmen has been pronounced against the pretexts for secession, all taking letters of marque by British subjects has been strictly forbidden, and a vessel of the Confederate States is not allowed to bring her prize into any British port, so that the best harbors on every sea throughout the globe are closed to the Southern privateers. But the denial of an audience to Gregory is, perhaps, the most significant point of all. The House of Commons has felt that the United States Government would rather there should be no discussion on the contest between themselves and the Southerners.

BOTH SIDES WHEEDLING THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.—The English owners of several large steamers are already in correspondence with Government here for the purchase of their vessels. The intelligence which had reached the Government that their Commissioners have gone on to Paris, is regarded as unfavorable to their claims, and as a proof that as yet England is not disposed to recognize them. It is amusing to hear the tone used on both sides toward Great Britain. Both are most anxious for her countenance and support, although the North blusters rather more about its independence than the South, which professes a warm regard for the mother country. "But," say the North, "if Great Britain recognizes the South, we shall certainly look on it as a declaration of war." "And," say the South, "if Great Britain does not recognize our privateer's flag, we shall regard it as a proof of hostility and alliance with the enemy." The Government at Washington seeks to obtain promises from Lord Lyons, that our Government will not recognise the Southern Confederacy, but at the same time refuse any guarantees in reference to the rights of neutrals. The blockade of the Southern ports would not occasion us any great inconvenience at present, because the cotton loading season is over; but if it be enforced in October, there is a prospect of very serious and embarrassing questions arising in reference to the rights of neutrals, treaty obligations with the United States Government, the trade and commerce of England, and the law of blockade in reference to the distinctions to be drawn between measures of war and means of annoyance.—*American Cor. London Times.*

DIVORCE SUITE.—A divorce suit was commenced in the District Court a few days since by E. B. Disgarias against his wife, Etriges Disgarias. The complainant sets forth the facts that the parties were married in 1852, in Lower Canada, and that plaintiff has been in California since 1855, and that defendant has refused to join him here, although repeatedly urged to, and furnished with money for that purpose.

A WINDFALL.—An old gentleman, John Tyler, who has resided in Patchogue, Long Island, for the last year or so, has recently come into possession of facts which are conclusive as to his heirship of property in England to the amount of £200,000 sterling.

JOHN C. HEENAN was offered a high position in the rebel army, but declined to fight against the United States, stating that he had fought under the Stars and Stripes a year ago, and would never fight under any other.

Miscellaneous.

A MODERN CONFUSIOUS.—The most extraordinary and gifted Chinaman that has arisen since the celebrated Confusious is probably SHIELD KING, the cousin and present prime minister of LAI PING WANG, the chief of the insurgents. This chief already sways his sceptre over six of the finest provinces of China (those parts where our Tea and Sick come from) embracing a population of *one hundred millions*, one-tenth of the world's inhabitants! This Shield King is exerting a powerful influence for good. Having resided for some years with Mr Cox, a Wesleyan Missionary at Canton, he learned and embraced the Christian religion, he composed and translated a number of Hymns, and other useful books for the use of his fellow Christian Chinese, and has of late earnestly solicited Mr. Cox, and other Christian Missionaries to come and reside at Nankin, the seat of the revolutionary Government, and promulgate the Christian faith throughout the provinces. He also recommends the introduction of a form of Government similar to that of Great Britain, with all the great scientific improvements of modern Christendom; such as Steam-ships, Railways, Telegraphs, &c., &c. The probability is that the day is near when the Chinese as a nation will cast of the veil of pride and self-conceit with which their minds have so long been blinded, and become one of the *greatest*, as they are now the most numerous, nations in the world.

ANECDOTE OF WILLIAM THE FOURTH.—It is now many years since the bachelor Duke of Clarence wooed Miss Wykeham of Swalcliffe, and made offer of his princely hand to that fair and richly-dowered heiress. That lady declined the peculiar greatness thus proffered to her; but the Duke never ceased to pay her the homage of his respect, nor his Duchess subsequently that of her esteem. When the former ascended the throne he did not forget the lady to whom he had paid suit in years gone-by. That old suit had been refused, but William IV. came now with a coronet in his hand, and entreated acceptance only of the first—all he had to offer—in testimony of the regard which her conduct had inspired in him. To this request, so graciously enforced, the lady could not graciously say "Nay." Since 1834 the name and title of Baroness Wenman have honored the rich and varied register of the House of Lords, and have served to prove that the age of chivalric feeling has not expired with the formalities of chivalry.—*Cornhill Magazine.*

Victoria Advertisements.

BOOKS! BOOKS!! BOOKS!!!

Now opening at

Hibben & Carswell's

a splendid assortment of

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

comprising

A LARGER Number of Volumes, and upon a greater variety of subjects, than has ever yet appeared in this market.

Those interested are respectfully invited to call and feast their eyes to their heart's content—Gratis—at

STATIONERS' HALL,
Yates-street, Victoria, V. I.

mh7-tc

LANGLEY BRO'S.,

Importing Druggists,

YATES STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I.,

are constantly receiving

Drugs and Chemicals,
Patent Medicines,
Surgical Instruments,
Paints and Oils,
Window Glass, &c., &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Just received a large assortment of reliable Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds, which they offer at moderate prices. mar1-tc

SELIM FRANKLIN & CO.,

Auctioneers and Land Agents,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria.

mar28

G. VIGNOLO,

Importer and Wholesale dealer in

GENERAL PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

French Wines and Liquors, and Havana Segars,

Brick building, corner Yates and Wharf-streets.

Victoria, V. I. mh7-6m

THOMAS PATTRICK & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES AND LIQUORS,

corner of Government and Johnson-streets,

VICTORIA, V. mh7-tc

SEED WHEAT.

THOMAS PATTRICK & Co., have some choice lots of Seed Wheat on hand from Australia, Mexico, the Mediterranean, and Van Dieman's Land. Farmers are invited to inspect samples.

For Sale by
THOMAS PATTRICK & Co.,
Corner Government and Johnson streets, Victoria.
m21-1m

KWONG LEE AND CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Importers and dealers in

Chinese Goods, Rice, Sugar, Tea, Provisions, etc.,

Cormorant-street,

between Government and Douglas-sts.

VICTORIA, V. I.

mar28

CAIRE & GRANCINI,

Dealers in

Hardware, Iron, Crockery, Glassware,

&c., &c., &c.,

Wharf-street, Victoria, V. I.

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to.

mar28-1m

M. PRAG,

Yates Street, Victoria,

offers for sale, cheap,

Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Bar Iron, Steel, and Ironmongery, Stove and Tinware of every description.

Glass and Crockeryware, Wood and Willow Ware, &c.

mar28

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Wharf and Johnson streets,

VICTORIA, V. I.

H. N. DICKSON & Co., - - - London.
DICKSON, DEWOLF, & Co., - - San Francisco

m21-3m

EDGAR & AIME,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

and Wholsale Dealers in

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

at their old stand,

Wharf-street, near Yates Victoria, V. I.

mar7-tc

Victoria Advertisements.

ASSAY OFFICE.

MARCHAND & CO.

Respectfully announce to the public of

VICTORIA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA

that they have opened their new office for the

ASSAYING OF

Gold, Silver, Copper, and other Ores,

AND are now fully prepared to make all Assays entrusted to them with

Correctness and Care.

Returns made in from three to six hours in bar or coin at the option of the depositor.

M. & Co. beg to refer to the following bankers:—

Wells, Forgo & co., Victoria,
Macdonald & co., Victoria,
Bank of British North America, Victoria,
Ladd & Tilton, Portland, Oregon,
Davidson & May, San Francisco,
Wells, Fargo & co., San Francisco,
Tallant & Wilde, San Francisco,
Parrot & co., San Francisco,
Sather & Church, San Francisco,
Harris & co., San Francisco,
Abel, Guy & co., San Francisco.

OFFICE—In the building formerly occupied by Macdonald & co., No. 8, Yates street, Victoria. mar28

S. MARTIN, Victoria.] [A. MARTIN, San Francisco.

MARTIN BROTHERS,

Wholesale Grocers,

—AND—

PROVISION DEALERS,

11 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.,

KEEP constantly on hand, ex recent arrivals, a large assortment of Goods in their line, selected with particular reference to Vancouver Island and British Columbia trade.

Now landing, ex Bark Glympse,—

50 kegs East Boston Syrup,
10 cases new Cheese, (E. W. Linsley & Co.,)
50 chests Black Tea,
20 firkins Butter,
20 boxes Raisins,
50 half bbls Pork,
20 bbls Brine Hams,
15 cases Bacon,
25 half bbls Dried Apples,
10 bbls Vinegar,
30 kits Mackerel,

—CASES GOODS—

100 cases Hunnewell Pepper,
100 cases Lewis Bro.'s Pepper Sauce,
25 cases Hunnewell Cassia,
10 cases Mustard (Hudson's, California,)
10 cases Allspice,
10 cases Ginger,
20 cases Sages,
10 cases Ground Nutmegs,
20 cases Lobsters, 2 lb tins,
10 cases do. 1 do.,
20 cases Roast Beef,
10 cases Chicken,
10 cases Green Corn,
10 cases Pie Fruits,
10 cases Fresh Peaches,
10 cases Fresh Tomatoes,
15 cases Tomato Ketchup (quarts,)
10 cases do do (pints,)
20 cases Starch, 1 lb Papers,
20 cases English Starch,
40 cases Blue, (5 lb boxes,)
50 cases Dyer's Soap,
25 doz. Buckets,
20 boxes Clothes Pins.

All goods warranted and sold at the lowest market rates. All orders promptly attended to.

je20 MARTIN BROS.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,

Booksellers and Stationers,

RECEIVE additions by nearly every steamer to their present large stock of Books, embracing most of the Modern and Ancient authors in Poetry and Fiction, Mechanics, Agriculture, History, Biography, Religion, Law, Medicine, Sciences, Music, etc., etc.

—ALSO—

STAPLE AND FANCY STATIONERY,

consisting of

Blank Work, in great variety, Writing Papers and Materials, Printers' Stationery and Wrapping paper, Letter, Note, and Official Envelopes, Music and Music Paper, Drawing Books, and Instruments,

GOLD PENS AND POCKET CUTLERY,

STATIONERS' HALL,

40, YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Feb. 13.

NOTICE.

ALL Parties indebted by notes of hand now due, or hereafter to become due, to the late firm of REINHART, MAYER & CO., Victoria, and to MAYER, REINHART & CO., New Westminster, are hereby notified that the same are in the possession of Moris Mayer, of the late firm above mentioned, who hereby appoints S. Elsasser his legal agent for collecting and cancelling the same.

MORIS MAYER.

Victoria, May 13th, 1861. m14-tf

TRAVELERS! ATTENTION!!

TRAVELERS can depend on having SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION at the

STAR AND GARTER HOTEL,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

L. DAVIES,
Proprietor.

je13 3m

Victoria Advertisements.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer

Painted sets, 10 pieces;
Extension Tables, 8 and 10 feet long;
Centre Tables, serpentine, and round tops, assorted sizes;
Card Tables, harp and square pillars;
Common Tables, 2½, 3 and 3½ long;
Bedsteads. Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;
Lounges, spring seats, in damask and leather covers,
Sofas, spring seats, hair cloth with round and pillow ends;
Desks, with full and door fronts;
Cheffoniers, walnut and mahogany, carved front, shelves, and fret work;
Bureaus, one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers.
What-nots, walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves
Mirrors, in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes for parlors, chambers, and saloons;
Children's cribs and cradles, also high and low chairs, assorted sizes;
Chairs, mahogany, haircloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining Grecian cane, heavy barroom, and common wood seat;
Rockers, spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm;
Sinks, washstands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow cribs, &c.

—ALSO—

BEDDING.

Pulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best feather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work. PIERCE & SEYMOUR.

Broad-street, between Yates and View streets.

mar7-tc Victoria, V. I.

W. H. OLIVER,

Importer and Dealer in

English, French & American Liquors,

Champagnes, California Wines, Clarets, and Brandies,

in the large and spacious Warehouse, on Johnson-st., opposite Wharf-street, Victoria, V. I.

A large stock of bonded Wines and Brandies always on hand.

To dealers, purchasing in large quantities, a liberal discount will be made for cash.

Agency of first premium California Wines, in packages and cases;

Agency of Old Sachem and Hostetter's Bitters;

Choice Claret Wines, in casks and cases, received direct from Bordeaux, via San Francisco, in bond.

Choice old French Brandies, received direct from the agents, in bond, via San Francisco.

Choice old Bourbon Whiskies;

" Port and Sherry Wines, in cask and case;

High Proof Jamaica Rum;

" Scotch Whiskey;

" Brandies and Whiskies;

" Alcohol and Spirits, in bbls and tins;

Champagne Wines, complete stock of all the favorite brands now in use;

And a general assortment of case Liquors, Cordials, Syrups, etc.

Traders and Dealers visiting Victoria will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock before purchasing. All orders from British Columbia and towns on the Sound will meet with prompt attention.

mar7-6m W. H. OLIVER.

PAINTER & CO.,

Practical Printers, and Dealers in

Type, Presses, Printing Materials,

Ink, Paper, Cards, &c.,

510 Clay Street, above Sansome,

J. B. PAINTER, J. M. PAINTER, T. P. PAINTER } San Francisco.

☞ Offices fitted out with dispatch.

ap18 1y

CHARLES F ROBBINS,

IMPORTER AND DEALER in Type, Presses, Printing Material, Inks, Card stock, &c., Nos. 111 and 113 Clay street, San Francisco. ap18 1y

SAMUEL PRICE & CO.,

MERCHANTS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,

corner of Wharf and Johnson-streets,

VICTORIA, V. I. mh

WEBSTER AND CO.,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA,

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Leather, and Findings of every description. Also—Ladies' Shoes of all kinds. mar28

S. ELSASSER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AT REINHART BROS. STORE,

VICTORIA, V. I.

Victoria, May 13, 1861. 23m

Victoria Prices Current and Shipping List,

PUBLISHED every fornight, in time for the California Mail Steamer. The Prices Current contains the current and authentic rates and prices of all descriptions of articles in the Victoria market, as well as reliable reports of the state of trade, shipping, &c. It is as invaluable as an index and commercial authority to every merchant and tradesman as it is a desirable medium for advertising. Printed for a A. F. Main, at the office of the *British Colonist*, Victoria. jul1.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This journal is published every Thursday morning at the office, Columbia-street, New Westminster. Single copy, price 1s., or 25 cents. Terms per quarter, 10s., or $2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or $4.50, and yearly £1 20s., or $7.50.

☞ Copies of this paper can be had at the book store of Mr. S. T. Tilley, Columbia-street.

☞ Clergymen will be served with this Journal at one-half the above rates.

Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid for each month in advance.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—We would call the attention of business men, especially Houses in Victoria, Portland, and San Francisco, desirous of cultivating a British Columbian trade, to the fact that we have made arrangements by which the BRITISH COLUMBIAN will have a large and general circulation throughout this entire Colony, and consequently will afford an excellent medium for advertising.

All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, THURSDAY, AUG. 1.

OUR CITY COUNCIL—PAST AND FUTURE.

A few days more and the first year of our Municipal Council will have expired. At such a juncture it is natural and proper that we should review their doings, and while we award to them that meed of praise to which they are entitled, at the same time endeavor to profit by past experience. Let us, then, ask ourselves the question: What has our Council done? Have they shown, so far as their power extended, the utility of representative institutions? Has the experiment been a success? We say *experiment*, because we believe it was given by His Excellency as such. By several of our own citizens the cry was raised: "We are not ready for incorporation"—"we have not the material with which to form a Council"—"it will do us ten times more harm than good"—with many other objections. And the Governor very parsimoniously, and with evident doubt as to its permanency and success, gave us a very limited charter as a doubtful trial.

We have no inclination to become the apologist of the failings and missteps of the Council, or any member of it; neither do we seek to be the lauder of their well doing. Let their works praise them. "Handsome is he that handsome does." Doubtless some, if not all, of those who have composed the first Municipal Council of this city—indeed the first representative body in the Colony—in reviewing their past career, will see that they have said and done in many instances what might better have been left undone. But taking their doings as a whole, both in regard to quantity and quality, bearing in mind their limited powers, and all the circumstances of the case, we can have no hesitation in saying—and we record it for future generations—the New Westminster Municipal Council thus far has been a *preeminent success*. It has accomplished a vast amount of work, and, with few exceptions, the work has been done in the right place and on the most economical scale. A year ago we had not a single street graded, or even cleared so that a wagon could pass through, and two-thirds of the town site was covered with a gigantic forest. Now the timber is all cut down, and much of it burned up. Columbia street is graded from one end to the other 20 feet wide, and that portion between the Bridge and the Custom House the entire width. Mary, Douglas, Blackwood, Hamley, with the greater part of Agnes street, are cleared and partly graded. Carnarvon, and some other streets, are cleared of all lying timber, and tenders are asked for to crossway and grade Ellice street. Lytton Square has been cleared and graded, and an excellent street, 20 feet wide, has been made to the door of the Episcopal Church! A public Cemetery site has been obtained, one acre of which is nearly ready for use. Sites for Common Schools, a City Hall, Mechanics' Institute, etc., have been selected and applied for; and in various other ways has the Council done good service not only to this city but the Colony at large, by agitating and pressing upon the attention of the Governor several important Colonial questions.

Hope, Yale, Douglas, Lytton and Lillooet, would, in our opinion, reap a similar benefit if they would seek and obtain Municipal Institutions. Are they not just as capable as we of making good use of such a boon? Yes, and we feel assured that an Assembly would prove quite as useful to the Colony as our Council has proved to New Westminster. It is a libel on the loyalty and good sense of the people of this Colony to say that they are not fit to govern themselves, and expend their own revenue! If the Municipal Council of New Westminster has proved a decided success—and that it has every one admits, even His Excellency the Governor himself—it is the best kind of evidence in favor of the position we have taken all along, that the people of this Colony are ready and qualified for representative government in the fullest sense. We hold that the people in the up-river towns, and in the interior, are not a whit behind the people of New Westminster in the requisite qualifications for self-government.

But let us glance at the future of our City Council. With an amended charter, increased power, enlarged resources, and the experience of the past, we may reasonably expect much more the second year than was accomplished the first. We have now a liberal franchise, perhaps too much so in some respects, and much depends upon the use we make of it as regards the character and efficiency of the next Council. Let us without fear, favor, or mere party spirit, try and elect the most suitable men we have to represent us. We regret to learn that some of our best men refuse to allow themselves to be put in nomination, so that we must drop their names and select the next best; and let not the choice be made in too great haste, neither let us wait till the last minute before fixing upon our men, and then go blundering to the polls without fully considering the consequences of our vote. While we do not believe in changing merely for the sake of change, we do believe that, other things being equal, it is a good plan to introduce some new men into the Council every year. If it is an honor and a thing to be desired, let the emolument be divided; if it be considered a burden and a thankless task, let not "a free horse be driven to death."

We do not require men of high birth or great scientific attainments; we do not want great philosophers or great talkers; nor do we want men who will work only for their own selfish ends, or distinguish themselves for wagery or flunkeyism. We want men of good common sense and public spirit; men of good moral character, who are right on all great questions; men who feel an interest in the permanent prosperity of the city, and who will work for the *general* good; men who will regularly attend the meetings, and work as well as talk. Great talkers are seldom good Councillors.

OUR HOSPITAL.

We have had occasion frequently to refer to this subject with the hope that the Governor would see it to be his duty to have a Colonial Hospital erected at once. But "hope deferred maketh the heart sick," and we must say His Excellency's strange conduct in regard to this matter has had a sickening tendency. He certainly cannot plead that we are not in want of such an institution; for it is a fact patent to all that we have not only been obliged to send a large number of our indigent sick to Victoria for Hospital accommodation, at a great expense, but men have died neglected and destitute in this Colony for such an institution, and many more are thrown upon the charity of the benevolent, who should be in Hospital. In this country a man must be possessed of considerable means in order to have the services of a doctor for any considerable length of time, and had we such an institution amongst us those who are sick and unable to pay the high charges demanded by the doctors would have that medical attendance for which they cannot pay, and for lack of which many are permitted to die. Neither can he plead the want of funds; for there is now an Hospital fund of about $9000, derived from the Head-tax, and collected *expressly* for the purpose. Why, then, does he not give us what is so pressingly demanded both by the living and the dead, and that to which we are so clearly entitled, and for which we have ample means to pay?

The Council has taken up this question, but with what result we do not know. The Grand Jury also, at the last session of the Supreme Court, we have been told, made this matter the main feature of their presentment—a document which, by the way, has been carefully kept out of our reach, for what reason we cannot imagine. We sincerely trust His Excellency will give this important matter his *early* and serious attention, and not give us further occasion to complain in reference thereto.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

GOLD ESCORT.—The Lillooet and New Westminster section of this corps quitted New Westminster on Saturday by the Cariboo. They had previously tried their equipments and horse furniture, which elicited favorable comments from those who met them on the road. The gold-boxes are in the style of the mail furniture of England, and if they work as well as they look, will succeed. Every device has been resorted to in order to render the loading speedy and save time in starting. Mr. Hankin, however, on his first trip has to make arrangements for barracks, provisions, etc., and therefore will not travel as rapidly as after these preliminaries are settled. The Escort is dressed in a very handsome uniform and thoroughly armed, and presents quite an imposing appearance. The upper section is delayed on account of the non-arrival of the party of men from the Royal Engineers who are to form the guard. They however are daily expected, when that section will start at once. With the present arrangements we understand a weekly line cannot be kept up between this place and Lillooet, as Mr. Hankin will have to come through to New Westminster. This, we think, is a great mistake to commence with. Unless they can keep up a weekly line at least as far Lillooet, the Escort will not answer as a medium for the transmission of gold, especially by the traders, to whom dispatch is everything. Some arrangement must at once be made in order to secure weekly communication, if the Gold Escort is to be a success.

STEAMER UNION.—This new stern-wheel steamer, owned by Messrs. Wright and Nelson, arrived here on Sunday evening. She is placed on the route between this port and Douglas.

IMMIGRATION.—We give the following extract from a letter received by a gentleman in this city from a friend now in London, and who is in a position to be well informed upon the subject to which he refers. We have not room now to enter into this most important subject at any length, but would earnestly suggest that this colony adopt some means for the purpose of having our vast resources and superior climate properly understood abroad, both in Britain and the eastern Provinces. There is certainly no colony more in need of immigration than we are, nor is there one under the sun less understood and more grossly misrepresented abroad:

LONDON, May 15th, 1861.

* * * "There are at present in London Delegates from the Canadas, urging on the Government the importance of forming a good emigrant route from Red River Settlement to British Columbia, both as an accommodation to settlers, and the basis of a future railway to the Pacific. There is a strong feeling here amongst Capitalists on the subject, and the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada will do everything they can to promote the project, which would at once elevate your Colony into first rate importance, and be the making of New Westminster, which would be the Pacific terminus. Pemberton in his lying book did all he could to injure the interests of your city, but I neutralized his falsehoods in a paper which I read before the Royal Geographical Society, wherein I dwelt upon its great natural advantages, and read the letter of Capt. Richards of the Plumper, in reply to the vote of thanks from your Municipal Council, which was a clincher, and will have the effect of letting the British public know the real wants of your port, as everything emanating from the R. G. Society carries with it great weight.

You should hold a mass meeting on the subject, setting forth the various resources of the colony; but dwelling especially on the *difficulty and expense* of access to it by the present route; and exhorting the Home Government to encourage the opening up of the inland immigrant route.

You should also send a deputation to Governor Douglas, urging on him the policy of appointing an Emigration Agent here for your Colony and Vancouver Island. All the other young colonies have their offices open here, and their agents circulating tracts, and giving lectures in different parts of the Kingdom. So that while numbers are desirous of information about British Columbia and Vancouver Island, there is no authorized person to apply to. Such an office would prove a great impetus to emigration thither, while the expense, divided between the two colonies would be comparatively nothing. If in any way I can be useful in furthering any of your projects of improvement, pray command me." * * *

COAL.—We understand Capt. Gosset, if he can spare the time from the duties of his office, purposes making an examination of the Coal field at Burrard Inlet for the purpose of procuring specimens for analysis, and constructing a Geological section for the Exhibition. It will be remembered that about a year ago Capt. Richards procured three tons from an outcrop there, and used them in steaming to Nanaimo, where it was admitted the Burrard Inlet coal was superior to the Nanaimo. Subsequently Mr. Burnaby, on the part of a Victoria company spent some days in prospecting near Capt. Richard's discovery; but, not being an Engineer or Geologist, failed to acquire much knowledge of the seams. Capt. Gosset's view is, we believe, that Vancouver Island once upon a time splintered off from the main land, and that the Burrard fields are Geologically referable to the Nanaimo cusps. Should these fields prove extensive their importance to this place will be very great.

DROWNED.—On Sunday evening last about half-past 5 o'clock P. M., as the steamer Union was entering the river on her first trip to this port, Patrick Burke, fireman, was going aft and coming in collision with some part of the steamer fell overboard. Every effort was made to save him, but without success, as he sank immediately and was seen no more. He was a married man, about thirty-five years of age, and leaves a wife and two children in California. [☞] California papers please copy.

This is now the third casualty of the kind which has happened on our river within the last four months, and all from the same cause—the absence of any sort of guard around the sides to prevent people from falling overboard. In noticing the second accident we suggested some precautionary measures should be adopted, but we believe the suggestion was disregarded. Now we have to say that if owners of these steamers attach so little value to the lives of their passengers and crew as to allow this state of things to continue when a few dollars would remedy the evil, it will be the duty of the Government to step in and attend to the matter.

THE CARIBOO.—This beautiful new steamer, owned and commanded by Capt. Jamieson, arrived in this port on Friday evening last at half-past 8 o'clock, having been 9 hours out from Victoria, which, being her first trip, is considered highly satisfactory. As she hove in sight she was greeted by Mr. Scott with seven rounds from his cannon, to each of which she responded with her steam whistle, and on coming alongside she was welcomed by three hearty cheers from the hundreds who had congregated upon the wharf to see her. She left for Douglas on Saturday evening, taking part of the Gold Escort, and returned on Monday evening, leaving for Victoria on Tuesday at 10 A. M. We believe it is the intention of Capt. Jamieson to make weekly trips between Victoria and this port, making occasional trips to Douglas. Should he avoid the Otter's days so as to give us regular semi-weekly communication, we think he will secure a fair share of the public patronage, especially passenger trade, as the Cariboo is decidedly the most commodious passenger boat on the route. We wish Mr. Jamieson and his boat success.

PACKERS AND ANIMALS WANTED.—All accounts from the whole line from Douglas and Yale to Cariboo that have reached us, coincide in stating that the greatest exertions with the present limited packing facilities, will barely serve to keep current wants supplied, and that a large increase of the means of transport must be immediately made to secure anything like the winter supply required by the miners who intend remaining at the Forks of Quesnelle and at other points.

THE MUSQUITOES.—These interesting little creatures, whose habits and advantages appear to be but little understood, but whose presence in this part of the country has hitherto been so much dreaded, may almost be said to be strangers amongst us this season. This happy circumstance is attributed to the clearing of the town site; and our opinion is that we shall never again see much more of our little friends, unless we choose to visit them in their own fastness in the dense forest.

RENDER UNTO CÆSER THE THINGS WHICH ARE CÆSER'S.—In refering to the Bark "Isle of France," a short time ago, we inadvertently stated that her cargo was chiefly for Messrs. Wright Nelson, whereas we find it was for H. Holbrook, Esq., of this city by whom she is chartered.

THAT portion of Columbia street between the bridge and Custom House square is now nearly completed. It is graded the entire width with a gentle slope from end to end, and will be a credit to the contractor, Mr. John McLennan. The side walk on the upper side, twelve feet wide and of two inch plank, has been promptly laid down by the owners of property, excepting in front of the Treasury building and a lot owned by Mr. Franklin of Victoria. The improvement upon Columbia street is one of the best things our Council has done, and is of very great importance to every inhabitant.

WE ARE under obligations to Mr. S. T. Tilley of this city, and Mr. W. F. Herre of Victoria, for a supply of late papers. We are also under obligations to Messrs. Jeffrays and Ballou for Express favors.

MR. RANAGE, President of the City Council, left for Victoria by the steamer Cariboo on Tuesday last on official business with His Excellency Governor Douglas.

OUR STEAMERS.—We have now plying to and above this port no less than ten steamers, beside two, the Douglas and Maria, laid up here.

CHIEF ENGINEER.—The election last week resulted in the return of Mr. F. G. Richards for Chief Engineer of this city.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS for the week ending 27th July:—Duties, £473 14s 10d; Harbor Dues, £5 10s 6d; Head Money, £7 16s 0d; Warehouse Fees, £0 0s 0d; Tonnage Dues, £59 3s 0d. Total, £546 4s 4d.

HIYOU CHICKAMES.—We see by the Vancouver estimates that the enormous sum of *two thousand pounds* is to be devoted to the formation of roads. The balance of their revenue being mainly required to pay their officials! That is the way to open up a new colony.

HALF MAST.—The steamers and ships in port had their flags half-mast on Monday, in token of respect to the late Patrick Burke.

THE BRIG ISLE OF FRANCE arrived in port on Saturday last from San Francisco, and commenced discharging on Monday.

ROBERT WALL, in charge of two officers, left by the Str. Moody yesterday for Yale, where he and his associate, Hagar, are to be tried on Saturday.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves legally responsible for anything which may appear under the above head. Communications, in order to insure insertion must be brief, of public importance and must be accompanied with the BONA FIDE *name of the author*

FROM OUR YALE CORRESPONDENT.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR,—Considerable dissatisfaction is manifested both here and at Lytton, at the Executive, for not having issued a call for tenders for the Boston Bar and Lytton wagon road. The Lyttonites say that His Excellency promised them faithfully that as soon as the road was surveyed the work should be commenced. It is now a month since the completion of the survey, and yet no steps have been taken to commence the work. As a matter of economy the contract should be given at once, as it must be much more advantageous to contractors to prosecute such an undertaking in the summer, than in the winter season, when short days and bad weather necessarily increase the cost.

The first kiln of bricks at the Yale brick-yard was burned last week. The bricks are of a superior quality, and can be afforded low enough to compete with Victoria at New Westminster. Hope you sticklers for British Columbia won't neglect this *fact*, and send orders up river instead of out of the colony.

There is no excuse now for not having a respectable Jail and Court House erected here, the present ones being totally unfit for use. Hitherto the government was to an extent justified in not doing so, as the necessary material for a good building was not to be had; but now the case is different, and we—the humble inhabitants—begin to feel that we need, and must have, a commodious Court House and a *skookum* Jail. The present house of bondage is an old log cabin, tumbling to pieces with dry-rot. The chinks between the logs are wide enough to admit of a crosscut saw, a crow-bar, or even a sledge hammer, with which any active lad could make his way out; or he might be suppled with a pistol, wherewith to surprise the Jailor as he passed him his *muck-a-muck*, and politely invite his host to exchange places or shoot him down. Beside the insecurity, the classification which decency, humanity, and justice demand, cannot be observed. Were it not for the forethought of our Magistrate, two villians might even now be planning the escape from justice of one or the other. Wall is confined at New Westminster—his assistant and associate here; the latter sets up a plea that he was employed, and not an accessory. Were the two villains permitted to huddle together, a good case in favor of the latter might be made out. The building in which justice is meted out is a shake shanty, with a fearfully filthy cotton lining, a couple of boards on trussels are used as a bench, and this with a rust eaten sheet-iron stove, constitute the only articles of furniture. The building would have been demolished no' long ago but for the careful attention of our Jailor. A bull belonging to Mr. Fulker, and said to have British blood in his veins, punched his head through the building a few days ago—no doubt in disgust that a British Judge should consent to dispense justice in such an anti-British looking building. The whole concern would have been demolished had not a shot from the Jailor turned the bent of his bullship's inclinations and sent him home.

PROGRESS.

Arrival of the Steamer Otter.

LATER NEWS FROM THE EAST.

DATES TO ST. LOUIS TO JULY 12.

ST. LOUIS, July 8.

Congress met July 4th, a majority of all members from the loyal States being present. Western Virginia sent three members; North Carolina one. Foster having received twenty-one votes, certified by a Magistrate. Two members also took seats from East Tennessee On the second ballot, Grow, of Pensylvania, was elected Speaker, having received 96 votes. Twenty States were represented in the U. S. Senate. Etheridge, of Tennessee was elected Secretary. Andy Johnson, of Tenn., the Missouri Senator, and Breckinridge and Powell, of Ky., took their seats. The Message of the President was read to Congress July 4th, but not transmitted West until the night of the 5th—not in time for the Pony. In his message, the President reviews the action of the seceding States, and declares they have acted without just cause; they are the aggressors. He takes up the doctrine of State Rights, and demolishes it. He condemns armed neutrality and says it is resistance to the Government, and will not be tolerated: as such seceded States have violated the laws and attempted to overthrow the Government, they deserve the severest punishment. The President will not communicate with them until they have returned to their allegiance. The war must be pushed forward speedily and decisively, and for that object he calls for 400,000 men, and $400,000,000. The President is gratified that the people have generally responded to his call for men and means, and is confident that they will sustain him in putting down rebellion. He defends the suspension of the *habeas corpus* act in cases of treason, and tells the people to do their duty, obey the laws of the Government, and they will yet be united and happy.

Gen. Patterson's command crossed the Potomac from Williamsport, Md., on the morning of the 3d July, and met the enemy's pickets, upon which a skirmish ensued and one man was killed. He then pushed to Porters-field, met the enemy, and after half an hour's fighting repulsed the rebels with a loss of 50 killed and many wounded.——It is reported to-day (July 8th) that Gen. Patterson had another brush with the enemy under Gen. Johnson, at Martinsburg, Va., and routed them with great loss on the rebel side. There is no doubt that important battles will be fought this week.——On the 6th of July a desperate fight occurred at Buckingham, Upshur county, Va., between a scouting party of Capt Lawson's 3d Ohio Regiment and a rebel force of 300. One Ohio soldier was killed and three wounded. They killed twenty rebels.——NEW YORK, July 10.—Owing to Gen. Scott interdicting news, the papers are almost barren of special dispatches. All news not conflicting with important movements will be furnished by authority to the associated press.——On July 10th a fight occurred near Monroe station, on the Hannibal and St. Jo. railroad, between 580 Federal troops, under Col. Smith, 16th Illinois regiment, and 1600 rebels, of Jackson's brigade, under Gen. Harris. The rebels were driven back with a loss of four killed and several wounded. Capt McAllister, of the 16th regt., was mortally wounded. The Federal troops took five prisoners and seven horses.——ST. LOUIS, July 11.—A special dispatch from Col. Zeigler gives particulars of a fight between 1200 men under his command and a body of 6,000 traitors under Rains and Parsons, seven miles east of Carthage, Jasper county, Missouri. After about two hours' fighting the rebels were forced to withdraw. Zeigler's loss was eight killed and 35 to 40 wounded and missing. The enemy's loss was about 300. The Federal forces captured 85 horses, and picked up 65 double-barreled shot guns.——WASHINGTON, July 12.—The bill that passed the House July 10th, authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow for twelve months, $250,000,000 payment to be secured by duties on coffee, tea, sugar, spices, wines, and liquors, and other duties and taxes.——The Postmaster General has ordered the discontinuance of mails in middle and east Tennessee.——Foreign news by the Great Eastern is not important. The fight for the championship of England between Hurst, the Stayleybridge infant, and Jim Mace, came off June 18th. The chicken was knocked out of time and Mace declared victor.

Municipal Council.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members present: The President, and Messrs. Holbrook, Manson, Armstrong, and Brown. Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

A communication from the Colonial Secretary informing the Council that His Excellency the Governor would take the additional grant of £400 to the Council into his most favorable consideration, as soon as it could be done without prejudice to the public service.

An account from W. J. Armstrong & Bros., amounting to $9 75, for candles, etc., read, and on motion ordered to be paid.

On motion of Mr. Manson, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, the Tenders for Ellice-st were opened and read.

Moved by Mr. Manson, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, That the Clerk be instructed to prepare copies of the tenders for Ellice street, and forward the same with the specifications, to His Excellency the Governor. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Brown, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, That the President is hereby requested to communicate with His Excellency the Governor, urging him to remove the Revenue Station to the lot set apart on the official plan of the city for the Custom House, and to suggest, in connection therewith, that by selling Lot 4, in Block 5, it would afford sufficient means to erect the necessary buildings. Carried.

On motion the Council adjourned.

THE PRINCE OF WALES had met with a mishap, while out sailing in a row boat with Capt. Grey on the river Cam, at the back of Trinity. In attempting to recover a lost oar, the boat was upset, precipitating both its occupants into the water. Help however was at hand, so that no further injury than a ducking was the result.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH NEW WESTMINSTER.—Divine Service on Sundays at 11 a. m., and in the evening at 7½ p. m.

Seats will be provided for strangers by the Sexton.

J. SHEEPSHANKS, M. A., Rector.
C KNIPE, M. A.

DIVINE SERVICE is held in the Wesleyan Church Mary-street, New Westminster, every Sabbath at 11 o'clock a. m., and 6½ o'clock p. m. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The first five pews on the south side are reserved for the military at morning Service.

Strangers provided with seats.

E. WHITE, Pastor.

Residence, corner of Prevost and Mary-streets, near the Church.

New Advertisements.

Chief Engineer's Notice.

A MEETING of the inhabitants of New Westminster was held on Saturday evening, the 27th instant, for the purpose of organizing a Fire Company. A Roll was made out, to which forty-four signatures were affixed, as members of the department.

As the above Roll is now complete, a meeting of those who have signed it will take place in Mr. Cormack's old store, Columbia street, on (this) Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the Election of Officers and the transaction of other business.

F. G. RICHARDS,
au1 Chief Engineer.

Certificate of Deposite Lost.

ALL PERSONS are hereby notified not to negociate for a CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSITE, signed by Wells, Fargo & Co., Victoria, dated May 16th, 1861, No. 1417, payable to the order of James McIntosh, for the sum of SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS. The said certificate is endorsed payable to ourselves, and payment thereof has been stopped.

WRIGHT & NELSON
Port Douglas, July 29, 1861. au1 1-m.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this office up to 12 o'clock, noon, of Saturday, the 27th instant, for the delivery in Camp, on or before Saturday, the 31st August, of

FIFTEEN (15) TONS OF
NEW MOWN HAY,

Cut above the influence of the waters of the Fraser. The Hay to be stacked at the expense of the Contractor in such place within the precincts of the Camp as may be pointed out.

Samples of the Grass proposed to be cut, with the name of the person tendering, in a sealed Envelope, to be delivered simultaneously with the Tenders.

The lowest, or any Tender, not necessarily accepted.

The Tenders to be addressed to the "Colonel Commanding," and docketed in the left hand corner "Tender for Hay."

For further particulars apply at this office, between the hours of 10 and 12.

By order,

H. R. LUARD, Capt. R. E.

R. E. Camp, New Westminster, July 16th, 1861. ju18

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.

IN Re the "Town Lots Leases Relief Act, 1860," to Jacob W. Davis. Take Notice, the Petitioner will, at the next Assizes at Fort Yale, move the Court for a declaration in title in his favor to 30 by 120 feet, being one half of Lot 10, Block 17, in the Town of Fort Yale, and commencing from the Southern corner of Albert street, and fronting Fraser River. And take notice, that in the absence of any person appearing to oppose the said application, it may be granted *ex parte*.

(Signed)
JACOB W. DAVIS,
ju25 3t Petitioner.

R. McLEESE,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

PLANS and Specifications furnished, and all work entrusted to him will meet with prompt attention, on the most reasonable terms.
New Westminster, June 25, 1861. je27 1m.

THOMAS STODARD,
House & Sign Painter, Paper-Hanger, &c.

SHOP ON MARY STREET, opposite the Treasury Buildings.
New Westminster, July 16, 1861. ju18

New Advertisements.

British Columbia.

PROCLAMATION,

No. 7, A. D. 1861.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Perliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the Reign of her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the "Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order and good government of the same,

And, whereas, it is expedient to protect the members of the Fire Companies, and other Associations in New Westminster, in their efforts to prevent the destruction of property by fire in the city of New Westminster and its vicinity.

Now therefore I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

Members of Fire Companies Protected from Liability in the execution of their duty.

I. Any member of a Fire Company whose name is enrolled in manner prescribed by the By-law made and passed by the Municipal Council and approved by me on the (Fifteenth) 15th day of July, 1861, and called the "Fire By-Law, 1861" shall not be liable for damage done by him to the property of any other person in the extinction or attempted extinction of Fire or in the removal of any erection, edifice, or building which, regard being had to the safety of adjacent property, it may be reasonably deemed expedient to remove,

No person to be protected who acts without orders of the person in charge of the Fire Department.

II. Provided always that in the destruction or removal of property aforesaid the immunities hereinbefore given shall not extend to any person who shall act in such destruction or removal contrary to, or without the order of the person who by the said By-law shall be authorized to direct the actions of the said Company.

No immunity to persons guilty of malice, mischievousness, or gross negligence.

III. Provided also that the immunities aforesaid shall not extend to any person who shall in the destruction or removal of any property aforesaid, be guilty of malace, wanton mischievousness, or gross negligence.

Plea of this Proclamation.

IV. In case of any suit or action brought by any person against any member of any Fire Company so enrolled as aforesaid, in respect of damage done by such member, such member may obtain the benefit of this Act by a plea in the words and figures following: Not guilty by statute, without malice, wanton mischievousness, or gross negligence.

No Fee for Enrollment.

V. No fee shall be made demandable for enrollment aforesaid.

Short Title.

This Proclamation may be cited for all purposes as the "Fireman's Protection Act, 1861."

{L.S.} Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this sixteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in the twenty-fifth year of Her Majesty's reign,

by me, JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command.

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certain SUBURBAN LOTS, which are being laid out in the New Westminster District, will be offered for sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, in the Court House, New Westminster, on

Wednesday, the 21st of August next.

Upset price of each Lot, **£20.**

CONDITIONS OF SALE:

25 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the knock of the hammer. The balance of 75 per cent. to be paid into the office of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, in 3 separate instalments of 25 per cent. each, on or before the 21st of September, the 21st of October and 21st of November next.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

For further information and particulars, apply at this office between the hours of 10 and 12, A. M.

IT IS FURTHER NOTIFIED that after the above sale shall have been completed, the right of constructing Quays or Piers in front of certain Water Lots in the City of New Westminster, and of demanding certain Tolls and Rates for the use thereof, for the space of Seven years, commencing on the 1st of September next, will be leased to the bidder of the highest annual Rent, paid Quarterly in advance.

The first Quarter's Rent to be paid on the knock of the hammer.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at this office.

By order of the Chief Commissioner,

H. R. LUARD, Capt. R. E.

Office of Lands and Works, New Westminster, July 16th, 1861. ju18

FOR SALE AT YALE.

80 Gallons of Camphene.

AT 25 per cent below cost. The owner wishing to close out and leave for the War. Apply to H. Nelson, agent Ballou's Express. ju4 1m.

LA HAUTER & CO.'S

HOTEL

—AND—

BILLIARD SALOON,

Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.

Lytton City, June 25, 1861. je27

New Advertisements.

GENERAL ORDER.

County Courts, British Columbia.

WHEREAS, by the British Columbia Small Debts Act, 1859, the Judge of the Supreme Court of Civil Justice is empowered to make rules and orders for the governance of the County Courts of British Columbia, which shall be of full force when confirmed by the Governor of the said Colony and the said Judge.

Now, therefore, I do hereby make and confirm the following order:

I. In all proceedings and particulars mentioned in the Schedule hereto, had or taken in the said County Courts, after the respective times at which this present order shall come into effect, the fees to be demanded and taken in the said Courts, and also in the Supreme Court, in cases below £50, under the General Order of the 4th July, 1859, shall no longer be such as in the Inferior Court of Civil Justice in Vancouver Island, but shall be such as are specified in the Schedule hereto,

II. This Order shall come into effect in each Court on the day on which the same, if, and when confirmed by the Governor of the said Colony, shall be received by the Judge of such Court.

MATT. B. BEGBIE, J.

20th March, 1861.

Confirmed this 16th day of July, 1861.

JAMES DOUGLAS.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

List of Costs of Court to be Taken in Cases in the Inferior or Summary Courts of British Columbia.

	s.	d.	
Summons or plaint, or other commencement of action—	1	0	and 3d. in £1.
(Renewed do., same as original.)			
Filing any defence, set off, &c.—	4	0	
Every consent to give the Court jurisdiction, including entering the same—	2	0	
Every order on interlocutory application (*e. g.* for an adjournment, further time, &c.)—	4	0	
Hearing, without jury—	2	0	and 6d. in £1.
Do. with jury—	5	0	and 1s. in £1.
(On every adjournment of the hearing of a cause, half the fees of the hearing without a jury.)			
Summons to jury—for each juryman summoned—	1	0	
Summons to witnesses—for each witness named—	2	0	
Payment of money into Court—	2	0	or 3d. in £1 on amount paid in, if such poundage be more than 2s.
(No charge on payment out of Court.)			
Confession of claim, or any part thereof—	4	0	
Consent to judgment under terms.	2	0	and 3d. in £1 on amount of verdict exclusive of costs.
Order for costs of defendant when plaintiff does not appear, or in nonsuit, or judgment as in nonsuit—	2	0	and 3d. in £1 on the amount stated in the order.
Reference to arbitration—	2	0	
Order to make an award of arbitrators, or rule of Court, entering same, &c.—	2	0	
Drawing up and entering final judgment, or decree—	4	0	
Warrant on judgment or execution issuing against person or goods, whether for debt, &c., or costs, or warrant for delivery of possession of land.	2	0	and 3d. in £1 on the amount for which judgment or execution issues, or on the rent of the lands.
Supersedeas of execution, stay of proceedings, stay of execution of a warrant of possession of lands, &c., including entering the same—	2	0	and 3d. in £1.
Order to set aside judgment, or for new trial, rehearing or appeal (All proceedings on a new trial are to be charged as on an original trial.)	8	0	and 3d. in £1.
Every application for security for costs at any stage of the cause (except on an appeal)—	4	0	
Inquiring into sufficiency of any proposed security, whether on any proceeding had in the cause, or with a view to an appeal—	4	0	
Drawing bond or recognizance—	2	0	
Filing the same—	2	0	
Every search in the books, before or after judgment—	4	0	
Filing any document not otherwise herein specified—	2	0	
Every notice required to be given by the Court to any party, or by any party to the Court, or to any other person, party to the writ, or not filing the same.	4	0	
Every order of commitment for contempt, &c., or for the apprehension of any person on interlocutory application—	4	0	
Warrant thereon—	2	0	
Every order discharging the same	4	0	
Every certificate, or copy of, or extract from any order—	2	0	
(Drawing the same, if required, 2s per folio of 72 words, to be taken for his own use by the person making the same copy, &c.)			
WITNESSES.			
Witnesses to be allowed 8s to 15s. per diem as compensation for their loss of time, according to the distance and nature of employment of each witness, to be taxed by the Judge in each case, in addition to traveling and sustenance expenses to and fro, to be taxed also by the Judge in each Court.			
Order imposing penalty on witness for non-attendance—	8	0	
(To be paid by the witness. The costs on subsequent proceedings, if any, against a witness in contempt, to be the same as if he were a defendant, and a judgment awarded against him for the amount of fine and costs.)			
In ejectment cases, the poundage is to be calculated on the annual rent.			
Sheriff's fees to be taken by him for his own use or calling any cause—	1	0	
Service of summons or other document, required to be served on a defendant—	4	0	
Do. on juryman, for each juryman served—	1	0	
Do. on witnesses, each witness named—	2	0	
(And in addition, in all cases of serving any documents, 6d. per mile one way, for any distance actually travelled exceeding one mile by the nearest road, from the usual office or abode of the person serving such document, and all expenses of himself and assistants to be taxed by the Court.)			
Affidavit of service of any document—	1	0	
Executing any warrant or execution—	4	0	and 3d. in £1.
(In addition to all mileage and expenses, as in the case of service of a document.)			
Keeping possession, making sales, appraisements, &c., to be taxed in each case by the Judge of each Court.			

New Advertisements.

British Columbia.

Colonial Secretary's Office, 22d July, 1861.

NOTICE.

GOLD ESCORT.

IT having been resolved by the Governor to establish for the convenience of miners and other persons, a Gold Escort from the Forks of the Quesnelle, by Williams Lake, Lillooet, and Douglas, to New Westminster, and to undertake the conveyance of Treasure between these places under the charge of an armed Escort.

The following rules are published for general information:

I. Treasure may be conveyed at the undermentioned charges (fraction of an ounce troy counting as one ounce.)

From and not beyond.	To New Westminster.	To Douglas.	To Lillooet.
Quesnelle	1s.	10d.	8d.
Williams Lake	10s.	8s.	6d.
Lillooet	6s.	4s.	
Douglas	3s.		

II. Treasure so remitted will be retained in custody at the Government Office of the place to which it is consigned, until demanded by the person possessing the Government Certificate; and a charge will be made for such custody for any period beyond one month after arrival of 3d. per ounce per Calender month, (fractions of an ounce or month will be charged as one ounce or one month,) except when the gold transmitted to New Westminster is noted "For Assay" at the Government Assay Office there, in which case no charge will be made for custody until the lapse of 9 months as the usual Assay Fee will be permitted to cancel custody charges for such period.

III. The dates upon which Escorts may be expected to leave the different places will be notified from time to time by the proper officers.

IV. On delivering a parcel at the District Magistrate's office for transmission per Escort, the depositor will be furnished with a Certificate of the accompanying form:

Place,

Date,

GOLD CERTIFICATE No. FOR NEW WESTMINSTER.

RECEIVED Assay from a parcel marked as at foot, and said to contain ounces, dwts, of GOLD DUST for transmission by the Government Escort to New Westminster, to be there delivered at the Treasury to the person presenting this receipt, on his paying the regulated fees.

District Officer.

Private marks,

Received at New Westminster, 186 .

Signature of person actually presenting this certificate, ———

CAUTION.—As the deposit will be delivered to any party presenting this certificate, you are advised to be most careful of this document.

V. All dust should be well and strongly tied up, and must be sealed by depositor.

VI. Parties should be most careful of their deposit certificates, as, if the Delivery officer has no reason to suspect fraudulent possession he will deliver the gold to the presenter of the certificate.

VII. Although the Government does not hold itself responsible to prove signatures, yet it is recommended that any person transferring a certificate to another should endorse it.

VIII. Every possible precaution will be taken by the Goverment for the safe conveyance and custody of the Treasure, but the Government does not hold itself responsible for loss.

By His Excellency's Command.

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG,

ju25 Acting Colonial Secretary.

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED,

A LARGE LOT of Light Buff, or White, **Balmorals,** a nice article for summer wear.

J. A. WEBSTER.

New Westminster, June 5, 1861. je6

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

J. A. WEBSTER

HAVING moved into that large and splendid Store, two doors below his old stand, now offers for inspection the largest and best assorted stock in the country. In the

Dry Goods Department

May be found a magnificent variety of Dress Goods, in

Glace, Check, Stripe and Plain Silks; Mohairs: Magenta Stripes and Real Poplins; All Wool de Laines; Plaids and Bereges; French and English Merinos, (choice colors); Ball Dresses; Muslins and Ginghams; Hoyle's English Prints; American Prints.

—ALSO—

Cloth Mantles, Silk Mantillas, Cashmere and Heavy Wool Shawls, Laces, Embroideries, and Dress Trimmings, Spring and Summer Bonnet Ribbons and French Flowers, Blonds, Ruches and Feathers, Trimmed Bonnets and Hats, (latest shapes), Cambric, Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Victoria, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, &c.

The Domestic Department

Is large, and consists in part of Irish Linens, Diapers, and Damask Table Covers, Brilliantes, Huckaback and Marseilles Quilts, Linen Towels and Toweling, Shirtings, Sheetings, and Pillow-case Cottons, Flannels, Tickings, Cloths, White and Colored Blankets, &c., &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

In White Linen and Colored Shirts, Patent Yokes, Byron, Bishop and Garrote Collars, English Baltic Shirts, Neck-Ties, Scarfs, Linen and Silk Pocket Handkerchiefs, Lamb's Wool, Merino and Cotton Undershirts and Drawers.

—ALSO—

English Sewed Suits, English Coats, Pants and Vests, (fashionable shapes), Fine Black Frock Coats, Fine do. Pants and Vests, Business and Shooting Coats, Pilot-cloth Jackets, Felt Hats, (all styles and colors), Leghorn, Straw, and Chip Hats, (all colors), Cloth, Felt and Glazed Caps.

The Stock of Boots and Shoes

Is the best assorted in British Columbia, comprising

English Napoleon Riding and Shooting Boots,
English Balmorals and Watertights,
English Heavy Nailed Napoleon and Kip Boots,
Fine Waterproof Double-sole and Dress Calf Boots,
Oxford Ties, double and single sole,
Double and Single-sole India Rubber Long Top and Knee Boots,
India Rubber Overshoes, (Ladies', Miss's, and Men's),
Ladies' English Prunella and Cloth Gaiters,
" French Kid and Calf Gaiters,
" Double-sole Calf Gaiters,
" Leather, Morocco, and Carpet Slippers,
" Dancing Slippers.
Children's Balmorals, (English),
" Bootees, (English),
" Kip Boots,
" Copper Toed Bootees,
" Gaiters, (Calf and Colored),
" Anklets.

Also—A large lot of Mosquito Netting; Gilt, Bronzed and Plain Window Shades; Damask and Muslin Curtains; splendid Gilt Cornices and Curtain Bands; Curtain Gimp-Cord, Tassels, (all colors), Curtain Rollers, Brackets, Pulleys, and Fixtures of all kinds, &c., &c.

Goods received by every steamer. Orders from the upper country promptly attended to.

J. A. WEBSTER, Columbia street.

New Westminster, June 5th, 1861. je6.

E. T. DODGE & Co.,

PACKERS,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

PORT DOUGLAS AND LILLOOET,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THIS WELL KNOWN FIRM have completed arrangements by which they are prepared to convey over the

FAVORITE HARRISON-LILLOOET ROUTE

One Hundred Thousand Pounds of Freight per Month, at Moderate Rates.

Mules and Wagons are kept constantly on the route at every portage between

PORT DOUGLAS AND LILLOOET,

and all Goods consigned to them will be

FORWARDED WITH DISPATCH,

AND SAFE DELIVERY INSURED.

Orders Respectfully Solicited.

E. T. DODGE & CO., Packers,

ju25 Port Douglas and Lillooet, B. C.

BOSTON BAR

HOTEL,

BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low.

JOLICŒUR & CO.

Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. je27

PIONEER SALOON.

MR. J. T. SCOTT has the pleasure of informing his old friends and the traveling public that he is still to be found at the old stand, corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample of his Wines, Ales, and Liquors, which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the colony.

E. STEPHENS,

SURVEYOR AND LAND AGENT,

Columbia street, New Westminster. ap25

New Advertisements.

GILMORE & LINTON,

TAILORS,

New Westminster, British Columbia.

THE Subscribers beg leave to announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster, and the upper country, that they have made arrangements to carry on the business of Tailoring, in all its branches, on Columbia street, next to the Printing Office, where they hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of the public patronage.

Goods constantly received by every steamer.

They have also on hand an excellent assorted stock of French and English Cloths, Cassimeres, Fancy Doeskins, Fancy Vest Patterns of Silk Velvet, Plush, Corded Silk, Fancy Tweeds, Single-milled Cashmeres, etc., which will be made to order, in the most approved and best style, and at moderate prices for cash.

Repairing and Cleaning done at the shortest notice.

They have on hand a choice selection of custom-made Clothing, and parties desiring such will do well to give them a call, as necessary alterations will be made, in order to procure a good fit, free of charge.

All orders from the upper country will receive prompt attention.

GILMORE & LINTON.

New Westminster, May 1, 1861. m2

ELECTION.

New Westminster Municipal Election.

THE Election of members for a Municipal Council for New Westminster, under the Proclamation for the year commencing the 15th August, 1861, will be held at the Court House.

Nomination will take place on Tuesday the 6th day of August, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Election will take place on the following day; polling will commence at 11 o'clock A. M., and terminate at 4 o'clock, P. M.

C. BREW, C. I. P.

New Westminster, July 22, 1861.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

The Colonial Book Store,

One Hundred and Fifty Volumes of Bound Books.

—ALSO—

A Lot of Maps of British Columbia,

Showing all the routes from New Westminster to the Cariboo country—for sale at One Dollar each.

New Westminster, July 16, 1861. ju18

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

NEW WESTMINSTER, 12th July, 1861.

A BLACK BUOY with one White Band, surmounted by an Iron Frame Ball, has been placed on the North Sand Head, in 14 feet at low water. Vessels drawing more than ten feet, when low tide, will find the best course in and out of Fraser River by following the channel indicated by the Buoys on the North Sand Head Buoy. A Head, irrespective of the South Sand Head Buoy. A distance from the Buoys of a one-fourth cable to two cables' length, will lead all vessels with safety.

JAMES COOPER, Harbor Master.

ju25 1m.

PIONEER FRUIT STORE.

SOKOLOSKY & LEWIN

BEG leave to inform the public that they keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

OREGON FRUITS,

Confections, Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Toys,

YANKEE NOTIONS, &c.

Also,—a complete assortment of Family Groceries.

N. B.—They are prepared to wholesale cigars and tobaccos, to which they call the attention of the up-river trade. feb14

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the owner or owners of Lots in this City, that they are required "by the provisions of a Bye-law passed by the Municipal Council, and confirmed by His Excellency the Governor," to clear from their Lots all Logs, Brush, and other inflammable matter, within "thirty days" from the date of this notice, otherwise the expense of such clearing will be defrayed in the manner provided by the 37th clause of the Municipal Council Act.

By order,

VALENTINE HALL, Town Clerk.

New Westminster, July 3, 1861. ju4

VALENTINE HALL,

CONVEYANCER, LAND AND GENERAL AGENT.

OFFICE—COLUMBIA-STREET,

New Westminster, B. C.

A CARD.

WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK, wholesale dealer in Wines, Liquors, &c., Scott's Wharf, New Westminster.

☞ No drayage or wharfage on goods purchased for upriver trade. fe13-tc

New Boot and Shoe Shop,

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY

☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN.

New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy 12-1m.

FOR SALE,

To Arrive per "Isle of France,"

DIRECT TO NEW WESTMINSTER,

NINE HUNDRED BAGS BARLEY.

WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK.

New Westminster, July 1st, 1861. ju18

New Westminster Dispensary.

B. F. MOSES & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries,

Columbia Street, New Westminster,

HAVE this day opened the above Store with an entire new stock of

Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery,

FANCY GOODS AND BRUSHES,

Together with an assortment of all articles usually

KEPT IN A

First-Class Retail Drug Store.

Mr. MOSES will give his personal attention to the Dispensing of Medicines and Compounding of Physicians' Prescriptions, and trusts his large experience in the business is a sufficient guarantee that all business entrusted to us will be "characterized by neatness, accuracy, and competent knowledge." Our prices will be

☞ EXTREMELY MODERATE. ☜

New Westminster, Juhe 8, 1861. je13

HOPE
Consolidated Silver Mining COMPANY.

TENDERS wanted for running a TUNNEL one hundred feet in the Company's Mine at Union Bar, in continuation of the present Tunnel, (130 feet already in), of the following dimensions:

Height, 6 feet in the clear,
Width at Top, 3 1-2 feet,
Width at Bottom, 5 feet.

Contractors to find all Implements, Timber for Casing, and every requisite for the work.

Separate Tenders will also be received for completion of the present Tunnel, say 300 feet more or less.

Tenders to be addressed to the Secretary of the Company, *care of Jeffray's Express*, in British Columbia or Victoria, on or before the 20th day of July.

The lowest Tender not necessarily accepted.

Victoria, V. I., June 25, 1861. ju4.

JERSEY & BLACKHAWK'S
Daily Passenger Train
FROM
YALE TO LYTTON CITY!
CONNECTING WITH

Cayoosh, in British Columbia.

THE undersigned, having stocked this fine road with excellent animals, intend running a regular train from Yale to Lytton City and back. Horses will leave both points each day. The through trip can be made in one day. The first trip will be made on Saturday, 18th June.

JERSEY & BLACKHAWK.

N. B.—First class Horses on hire at all times, at reasonable rates. je27

Notice to Municipal Electors.

Any person claiming to vote under the New Westminster Council Act, 1860, at the elections of Municipal Councillors, for the town of New Westminster, for the year commencing the 15th August, 1860, is requested to lodge with Mr. Valentine Hall, Clerk of the Municipal Council, New Westminster, on or before the 20th July proximo, an application to be placed on the list of persons entitled to vote at such election; it would be desirable that such application should be made in writing, in the following form; viz.

"Ward No——"

I hereby claim to be placed on the list of voters, in the above Ward, for the year commencing 15th August, 1861, as Owner or Lessee (as case may be), of lot or part of lot, (as case may be), Lot No.——in Block ——(giving date of commencement of proprietorship or tenancy.)

Signed,

No names will be placed on the list, except the names of those who make application.

All proprietors of lots, in whole or in part, and all tenants, holding in whole or in part, whether such tenancy be by written or verbal lease, will be considered eligible to be placed on the list of voters.

Signed,

C. BREW, C. I. P.

New Westminster, June 17th, 1861.

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER.

New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

New Westminster Boarding House,

—BY—

WILLIAM CLARKSON,

On the corner of Mary and Columbia-streets,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Board $7.00 per week—Board and Lodging $10.00 per week.—Single Meals 50 cents.

Parties furnishing their own beds—Board and Lodging $8.50 per week.

Single or double rooms to let at from $5.00 to $12.50 per month. fe21-1y

FRESH VEGETABLES.

THE Subscriber has made arrangements by which the citizens of New Westminster can obtain a constant

SUPPLY OF VEGETABLES,

Fresh from his Ranch, at Harris & Co.'s shop. Prices very moderate.

S. W. HERRING.

Herring's Ranch, July 4, 1861. ju4

SELLING OFF

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

FANCY AND DRY GOODS

At Cost for Sixty Days!!

—ALSO—

Crockery, Glass, Hardware,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES,

LADIES' AND MISS'S BOOTS AND SHOES,

MANTILLAS,

INDIA RUBBER BOOTS,

Blankets, Sheetings, Drillings,

White and Fancy Shirts,

Spades, Shovels, Mining Tools,

Castors, Cards, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.

GROCERIES.

Candles, Sugar, Tea, Coffee,

Can Fruits, Pickles, Oysters, Sauces,

RAISINS, CURRANTS, BUTTER,

Lard, Hams, Cheese, Yeast Powder, &c.

The above was purchased expressly for this market, and is offered for sale in consequence of the proprietors leaving for the State of California.

FOR BARGAINS!

Now is Your Time! Call and Examine! at

FARRELL & CO.'S,

Columbia street.

New Westminster, June 7th, 1861. je13.

NEW WESTMINSTER LAUNDRY.

THE undersigned having purchased the establishment known as the "HI SING HOUSE," is prepared to do

Washing and Ironing

in the best style, and on the most reasonable terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

DONG SHOI.

New Westminster, June 5, 1861. je6

NEW TIN SHOP.

CHARLES CATO, worker in Tin, Copper, Zinc and Lead, has commenced business in Mr. Kennedy's building, on Columbia street, where he solicits a share of the public patronage. ap25

BALLOU'S EXPRESS
FROM VICTORIA TO CAYOOSH

—AND—

RETURN, WEEKLY.

T. M. LOOP, . . . Messenger.

CONNECTING WITH

BRALY & CO.'S PONY EXPRESS,

—FOR—

Quesnelle River and Carriboo, and Return,

TWICE PER MONTH.

DAN BRALY, . . . Messenger.

THE above Expresses stop at every Mining camp and public place *en route*, taking charge of and delivering Freights of all kinds, Goods, Merchandize, Treasure, Packages, Letters, etc., attend to collections and commissions—the only direct Express to all points in British Columbia.

W. T. BALLOU,
Proprietor.

P. S.—Goods, to insure shipment, must be delivered to and receipted for by the Victoria Agent, and marked "quick" if dispatch is required, or "slow" if in no hurry. Charges according to time. je27.

RAMAGE,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

A select assortment of fine English gold and silver Watches, from the best makers, always on hand.

Native gold-manufactured into rings, etc., on the shortest notice.

Watchwork carefully attended to with dispatch.

Feb. 21.

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that, until further notice, he will furnish milk at the rate of six bits per gallon.

S. W. HERRING.

Herring's Ranche, 2nd April, 1861. t-c

NOTICE.

AN ADJOURNED Session of the British Columbian Convention will be held at Fort Hope on the 10th day of September next, for the dispatch of general business. Any Towns that neglected to elect Delegates for the first Convention, are respectfully invited to have their localities represented on this occasion, as it is expected that important matters, affecting the future welfare of the colony, will be brought before the Convention.

(Signed,)

J. A. R. HOMER,
Chairman.

New Westminster, June 11, 1861. je13

SETH T. TILLEY,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

COLUMBIA-STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

HAS on hand, and is receiving by every steamer, an assortment of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN NOVELS,

Bound books of Poetry, Fiction, and Standard works, a large assortment of Bibles, Wesleyan Hymn Books, and English Prayer Books.

ALSO

a large assortment of Blank cards, Visiting cards and printer's blank foolscap, Letter paper of all descriptions, Note paper of every size and quality, a great variety of Blank Books, Memorandums, Pass and cargo books and diaries for 1861, and almost every article in the Book and Stationery line. The latest Newspapers of the day are received from England and United States. They can also be obtained from almost any part of the world if required.

Arrangements are also made to get papers from Canada and other Eastern provinces by every mail. Any periodical published in Great Britain or America can be had by leaving an order at the Book store of

SETH T. TILLEY.

New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861. 1m

JUST RECEIVED,

At the Colonial Book Store,

AN assortment of Musical Instruments, with Music Books suited for learning, consisting of Violins, Banjos, Concertinas, and Accordeons. Also, a splendid assortment of Pocket Knives, by the best makers, Sandpaper of every description, Billiard chalk, and Cue leather. ap25 S. T. TILLEY.

MER. W. S. KIRKLAND & CO.,

AGENTS,

7, King William Street, Strand,

LONDON, ENGLAND,

BEG to call the attention of readers of English newspapers in Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California to the advantage of subscribing to the "Evening Mail" newspaper, which is a reprint published three times a week, of all the leading articles, essays, correspondents' letters, and news of "The Times" London newspaper, everything but the advertisements, and can be sent *post free* to all parts of Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and California, via the United States, for £1 1s per quarter, or £4 per annum, paid in advance; thus being "The Times' at HALF PRICE.

Subscriptions received at the office of the "British Columbian," New Westminster, British Columbia. m2-1y

Important to Printers and Publishers!

CONNER & SONS' UNITED STATES TYPE FOUNDRY.

THE undersigned, Agents for the above well known Type Foundry, are now prepared to furnish the trade with any article necessary for a complete News or Job Office, giving a better article for less money than others are enabled to do. Our assortment is now very extensive, to which additions are made on the arrival of every steamer, and our endeavor will be, as hertofore, to extend every accomodation to the craft.

The reputation of the Foundry which we represent, and especially the hard metal from which its type is cast, is sufficient assurance to the trade that any article we sell is perfect.

Body-type, from Pearl to Pica, in quantities to suit, at New York Prices. Our assortment of Job and Display Type is most extensive and beautiful, including at present some *fifteen hundred* styles. Also, "Sorts," of any font of Conner & Son's cast always furnished. Also, materials of every description from a Bodkin to a Mammoth Press, constantly for sale.

We are also the Agents for A. B. TAYLOR & CO.'s CYLINDER and WASHINGTON PRESSES, and keep in store an assortment of all sizes of WASHINGTON HAND PRESSES together with the new Vibrating Inker.

Also, GEO. P. GORDON'S FRANKLIN JOB PRESSES. Three sizes, viz: one eighth, one quarter, and one half medium. These Presses are acknowledged by Printers to be the *best* in use, and are rapidly gaining favor on the Pacific Coast.

Also, MAGIC CARD PRESSES, RUGGLES PRESSES, and NEWBURY'S MOUNTAIN JOBBER.

WOOD TYPE, a fine assortment, from five to ninety line Pica.

The undersigned would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage of the craft, and would be pleased to show their stock, and give any information in regard to the same that may be asked.

WM. FAULKNER & SON,

[Up Stairs.] 526 Sansome St. San Francisco.

☞ Publishers of Newspapers inserting the above advertisement to the amount of Twenty Dollars, will be paid for the same in type, providing they purchase five times the amount in one bill.

N. B.—No publisher will insert it except in strict conformity with this order, and send a newspaper with the advertisement marked to our address.

ERNEST PEICHT.

BREWER,

COLUMBIA-STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

E. B. HOLT,

JOINER, CONTRACTOR, &c.

PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

furnished, and work surveyed on reasonable terms. Feb. 13.

SUTTON & HELMERING,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, AND SEGARS.

The best Wines and Liquors are constantly kept, and the Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in this colony.

Fort Hope, March 21, 1861. tc

PLANS OF NEW WESTMINSTER AND UP-RIVER TOWNS.

THE undersigned has just received a lot of the above plans for sale at the low price of 50 cents to $1 each. He will also have shortly Plans of the Suburban Lots around New Westminster.

These Plans can be sent by mail, postage paid, to any part of British Columbia, Vancouver Island, or California.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

S. T. TILLEY.

je13 tf

Government Advertisements.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 6, A. D. 1861.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22d years of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the "Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said colony, to make laws, institutions and ordinances, for the peace, order and good government of the same, and

Whereas by the Country Land Act, 1861, the price of all unsurveyed country land in British Columbia, whether acquired by Pre-emption or Purchase, under the Proclamation dated the 4th day of January, 1860, was fixed at four shillings and two pence per acre, and

Whereas it is inexpedient that any person other than a *bona fide* settler, should take up land under the said Proclamation, and without the occupation and improvement necessary under the said Proclamation to complete his title as a Pre-emptor.

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

That all persons who may, after the date hereof, purchase land under the provisions of the Proclamation of the 4th day of January, 1860, or the Country Land Act, 1861, shall hold the same under precisely the same terms and conditions of occupation and improvement as are mentioned in the said Proclamation of the 4th day of January, 1860, with regard to lands pre-empted without purchase.

No person shall be entitled to hold by pre-emption more than 160 acres under the said Proclamation, or any of them, at one time.

If any person, being already registered as a Pre-emptor, pre-empt any other land under the provisions of the said Proclamation, the land so previously pre-empted shall *ipso facto* be forfeited, and shall, with all improvements made thereon, be open to settlement by any other person.

This Proclamation may, on all occasions, be cited as the Pre-emption Purchase Act, 1861.

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony at Yale, this 28th day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-one, and in the Twenty-fourth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, by me,

(L. S.)

JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's command,

WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Government Assay Office,

NEW WESTMINSTER, BRITISH COLUMBIA,

April 4th, 1861.

ASSAYS OF GOLD BULLION are made on the following terms, and under the following conditions:—

1. A receipt will be given to the Depositor for the exact gross weight of his deposit.

2. The resulting ingot will be delivered to any party returning the aforesaid receipt, whether the Depositor or any one else, and the party returning the receipt will be required to cancel it by his signature at the time of receiving the ingot.

3. Each ingot will be stamped with its *number*, corresponding to its number in the official records, with its *weight*, in ounces and decimals of ounces, its *fineness* in thousandths, and its *value* in dollars and cents; also with a Government cipher, a crown encircled by the words, "BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT ASSAY"; thus:

BRITISH COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT ASSAY

and the clip corner will be protected by a small crown impressed on the face of it.

4. With each ingot will be given a certificate, signed by a Government officer, of the weight of the deposit before melting; its weight after; the fineness; the charge for assaying; and the value in dollars and cents.

5. For all bars not exceeding 50 ounces in weight, a charge of seven shillings and six pence (7s. 6d.) sterling will be made, and for every additional 10 ounces or fraction of same, one shilling and six pence (1s. 6d.).

All clips are retained in the Government Assay office; but on bars not exceeding 10 ounces in weight, allowance will be made off the assay charge, for the value of the clip.

N. B.—Bars assayed at this office, or DUST, may be exchanged for American coin, at the current market rates.

ASSAYS OF ORES are made at the charge of One Pound (£1.) for each specimen experimented upon.

FOR A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF ANY MINERAL, Two Pounds (£2.) is the charge.

W. DRISCOLL GOSSET.

P. S.—Useful geological specimens, whether metallic or not, if accompanied by a note of the locality where found, position with regard to other rocks, altitude, dip, &c., &c., will be thankfully received by me.

apr4 W. D. G.

NOTICE.

HARRIS & Co., Butchers, Cattle dealers, &c., Queen's Market, Victoria, V. I., and Queen's Market, New Westminster, B. C.,

Are prepared to furnish Families, Hotels, and Traders in general, with all kinds of fresh meat and vegetables of the best quality, and at the lowest rates. Also will furnish parties residing in the upper country, say Langley, Hope, Yale, Douglas, &c., with all kinds of live stock. Orders received will be punctually attended to. fe13-tc

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SOLE AGENT for Tilton & McFarland's celebrated Fire-proof and Burglar Safes. This safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these safes have been subjected to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; It requires the key and combination to open the safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useles to the possessor without his knowledge of the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head.

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It Expels Disease!

It is said that all productions of human skill have their day, and are superseded by new inventions or discoveries. Not so with this remedy. "It is not for a day, but for all time, and in all countries." And Why? Because it strikes at the generic root of all diseases in the blood, and medical art can accomplish nothing beyond that. The Ointment, penetrating through flesh and fibre, like water through a porous substance, reaches the germ or disease, such as scrofula, erysipelas, cancer, tumor, and all eruptive and ulcerous discharges in the circulation, and eradicates the taint at once and forever in this climate

Bad Legs.

This Ointment will cure any case of Bad Leg even if of twenty years standing, or however hard or discolored the flesh may be, or if swollen the size of a person's body, provided the Ointment is well rubbed into the whole of the parts affected twice a day in large quantities, and the parts kept covered with linen rags thickly spread with the Ointment; from this mode of treatment, a plentiful discharge of unhealthy humor will follow, until the wounds are all healed on the leg, or other parts assume their natural appearance.

Old Wounds, Sores, and Ulcers.

The most inveterate cases of bad legs, scrofulous, or other sores, are cured, if of 20 years standing, by the joint use of the Ointment and Pills. The effect of this unrivalled remedy upon virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterwards complete, are safe as well as permanent. It has a wonderful effect in the cure of sores occasioned by mosquetos, sandflies, or giggers.

Piles.

This Ointment will cure the worst cases of Piles if used according to the printed directions even if of 20 years standing.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Blotches, pimples, dry eruptions, and all irritations of the skin, fade and disappear after a few applications of Holloway's Ointment. In these cases brisk friction is indispensable. Many of the ordinary eruptions are caused by suppressed perspiration, and as this penetrating unguent at once opens the pores, and invigorates the absorbents, it dissipates the inflammation by a double process. Ladies whose faces or arms are disfigured by cutaneous disease, may readily remove the blemish and restore to the skin its natural tint, flexibility, and softness, by the use of this safe but powerful counter-irritant.

King's Evil, Fever Sores.

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every recipe of pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas.

These are among the mostterrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antidote to pain and inflammation.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Elephantiasis.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Fistulas.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Gout.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquetoes and Sand-Flies.	Glandular Swellings.	Scurvy.
Coco-bay.	Lumbago.	Sore-heads.
Chiego-foot.	Piles.	Tumors.
Corns (soft).	Rheumatism.	Ulcers.
Cancers.		Wounds.
		Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilised world.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

CURTIS & MOORE, Agents,
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Printed and published every Thursday by JOHN ROBSON, at the office, Columbia-street, New Westminster, in the Colony of British Columbia.